

## Research Report

STUDY ON THE ROLE
AND COMPLEMENTARY
NATURE OF PUBLIC AND
PRIVATE TELEVISION
CHANNELS IN QUÉBEC

Web Survey



**DATE** 2020-11-25 **PROJECT NUMBER** 14791-032



## **Table of Contents**

	CONTEXT, OBJECTIVES AND METHODOLOGY	Page 4
_	KEY FINDINGS	Page 7
	DETAILED RESULTS	Page 10
	1. DEFINITION AND KNOWLEDGE OF PUBLIC VS. PRIVATE CHANNELS	Page 11
:	2. CONTENT BROADCAST BY CBC/R-C VS. PRIVATE CHANNELS	Page 18
;	3. SOURCES OF REVENUE AND MANDATE MONITORING FOR PUBLIC CHANNELS	Page 21
	CHANNEL VIEWING PROFILE	Page 27
	RESPONDENT PROFILE	Page 28





#### **METHODOLOGY**

Léger conducted a study to assess Quebecers' perception of the role, mandate and types of content that must be offered by public and private television channels in Québec.

**HOW?** A **Web survey** was conducted among **Quebecers**.

WHO?

1,019 English- or French-speaking respondents across Québec, 18 and over

WHEN'

Data collection took place between **November 6 and November 12, 2020**. The interviews – conducted on the Web via Leger's panel – **lasted an average of 8 minutes**.

**WEIGHTING?** 

Results were weighted according to age, region, gender, mother tongue, education, and presence of minor children in the household to ensure a representative sample of the Québec population.

#### **NOTES FOR READERS**

#### **ROUNDING**

The data presented have been rounded. As a result, totals may differ slightly from 100%.

#### **SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES**

Results with significant and relevant differences are indicated in a text box next to the presentation of the overall results. Data in **bold green** indicate a **significantly higher proportion** than other respondents. Conversely, data in **bold red** indicate a **significantly lower proportion** than other respondents.





#### **KEY FINDINGS TO RETAIN**

- ✓ The status of public television channels is quite familiar to respondents: 88% of people say that Radio-Canada is a public channel, 76% say the same for Télé-Québec, and 71% for the CBC.
- ✓ 63% of respondents acknowledge that generalist public TV channels do not have the same mandate as private channels with respect to the content they broadcast. Moreover, 81% of Quebecers agree that governments should ensure that the mandates of public channels are clear and precise to ensure that they are distinct from the mandates of private channels.
- ✓ With respect to Radio-Canada specifically, even though 77% of people say they are aware that its mandate is to "inform, enlighten and entertain the general public," 41% consider that they have little knowledge of the specifics of this mandate and mission. A similar finding is observed in terms of Radio-Canada's sources of funding (somewhat or very unfamiliar to 43%) and its priorities and decisions in terms of content in order to respect its mandate (somewhat or very unfamiliar to 52%). However, 93% of Quebecers agree that the Radio-Canada and CBC public television channels should be completely transparent about the financial management of their activities and the use of public funds.



## **KEY FINDINGS TO RETAIN (CONTINUED)**

- ✓ In terms of programming, more than 50% of Quebecers consider that compared to private channels, the Radio-Canada and CBC public television channels have a duty to broadcast more of certain types of content, such as documentaries, current events and local news, investigative journalism and international news, as well as local productions. Even if a private channel has a role to play in promoting certain social issues, study results nevertheless indicate that public channels should set an example on several aspects, such as national awareness and identity, various forms of diversity (regional, cultural, ethical, physical, gender equality) and promote emerging producers and actors.
- More than three-quarters of respondents (78%) agree that it would be in the public's interest for the content of public and private channels to be complementary and not in direct competition, while 72% agree that it is still acceptable for public and private channels to compete by offering similar content. In fact, about two in three respondents (67%) believe that the mandate of the Radio-Canada and CBC public television channels should include the responsibility to not interfere directly with the management and financial profitability of private channels.
- ✓ In terms of financing, the **offer of paid content by a public channel is perceived as somewhat or completely unacceptable by 72% of the Québec population** (versus 38% for private channels). A similar result can be observed when the question is asked specifically for the paid digital service, Tou.TV Extra, offered by Radio-Canada, which obtains an **unacceptability rate of 74%**.

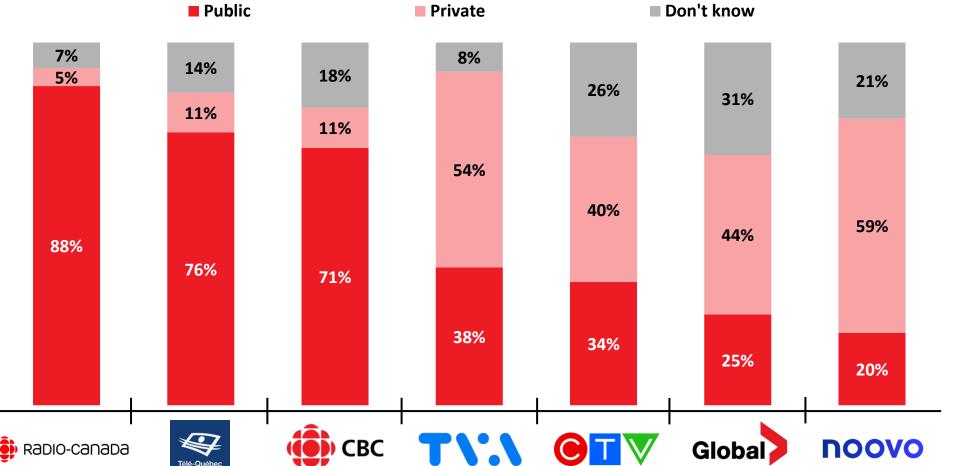






#### **KNOWLEDGE OF OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN GENERALIST TV CHANNELS**

Q1. To the best of your knowledge, are the following generalist TV channels available in Québec public channels or private channels? Base: All respondents (n=1,019)



The general public seems to have a better knowledge of the status of public channels than private channels.

For example, 88% of respondents say that Radio-Canada is a public channel, while for TVA, responses are more varied: 54% associate it with a private channel and 38% believe it is a public channel.















#### PRESENTATION OF THE TELEVISION CHANNEL CATEGORIES

Information presented in the survey

In television, there are two main categories of TV channels:

- **Public TV channels:** These channels are owned by the government (federal or provincial government) and are largely publicly funded. In Québec, this is the case for Radio-Canada, CBC, and Télé-Québec.
- Private TV channels: These channels are owned by private companies and are mainly financed by revenues
  from the advertising they broadcast on air. In Québec, this is the case for generalist channels such as TVA,
  Noovo, CTV and Global.

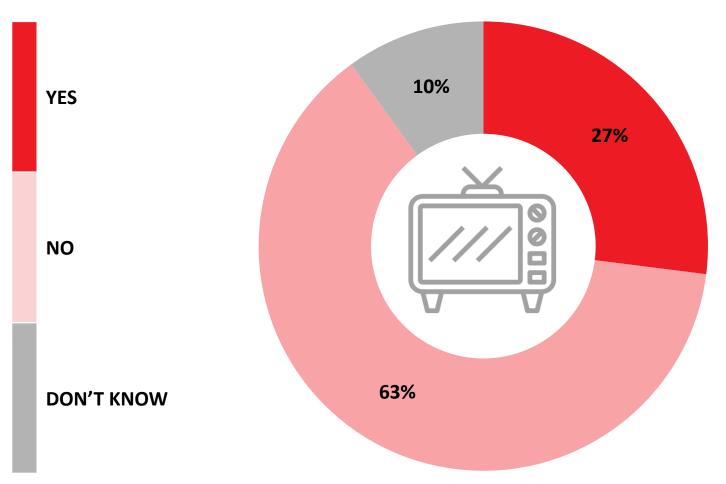
Please read the above definitions carefully before continuing with the survey.



#### PERCEPTION OF THE MANDATE OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CHANNELS

Q2. In your opinion, do public and private TV channels have the same mandate / mission / social responsibilities in relation to the content they broadcast?

Base: All respondents (n=1,019)



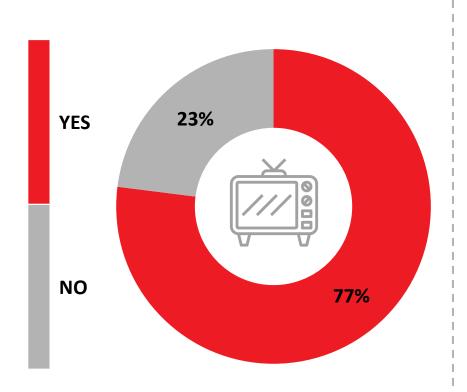
Although the response is **not unanimous**, **most** respondents recognize that **public generalist television channels do not have the same mandate** as private channels with respect to the content they broadcast.



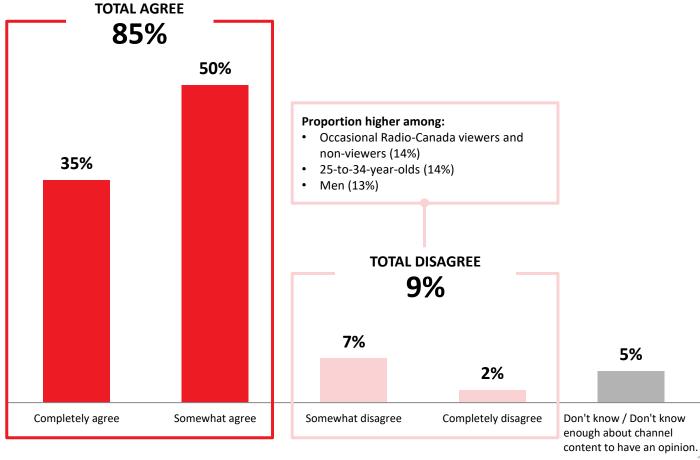
### **KNOWLEDGE AND PERCEPTION OF RADIO-CANADA'S AND CBC'S MANDATE**

Q3A. The mandate of the Radio-Canada and CBC public television channels is to "inform, enlighten and entertain" the general public. Were you aware of this?

Base: All respondents (n=1,019)



Q3B. To what extent do you agree that the Radio-Canada and CBC public television channels fulfill their mandate: "Inform, enlighten and entertain the general public"?

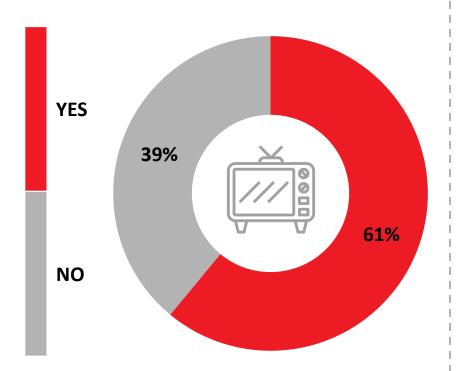




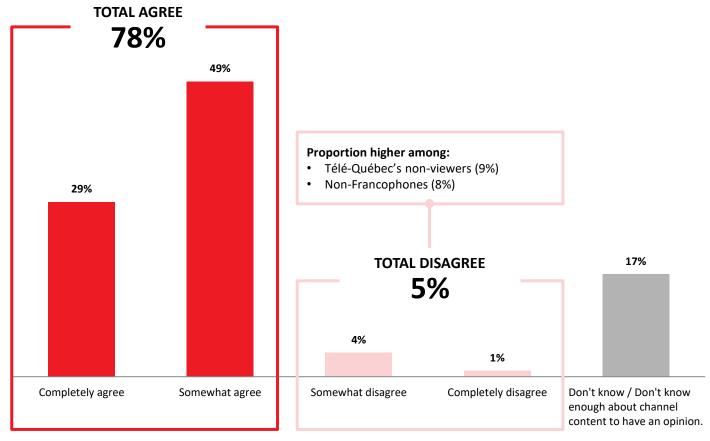
## KNOWLEDGE AND PERCEPTION OF TELE-QUÉBEC'S MANDATE

Q4A. The mandate of the Télé-Québec public television channel is to offer programming aimed at "developing a taste for knowledge, fostering the acquisition of knowledge, promoting artistic and cultural life and reflecting the regional realities and diversity of Québec society." Were you aware of this?

Base: All respondents (n=1,019)



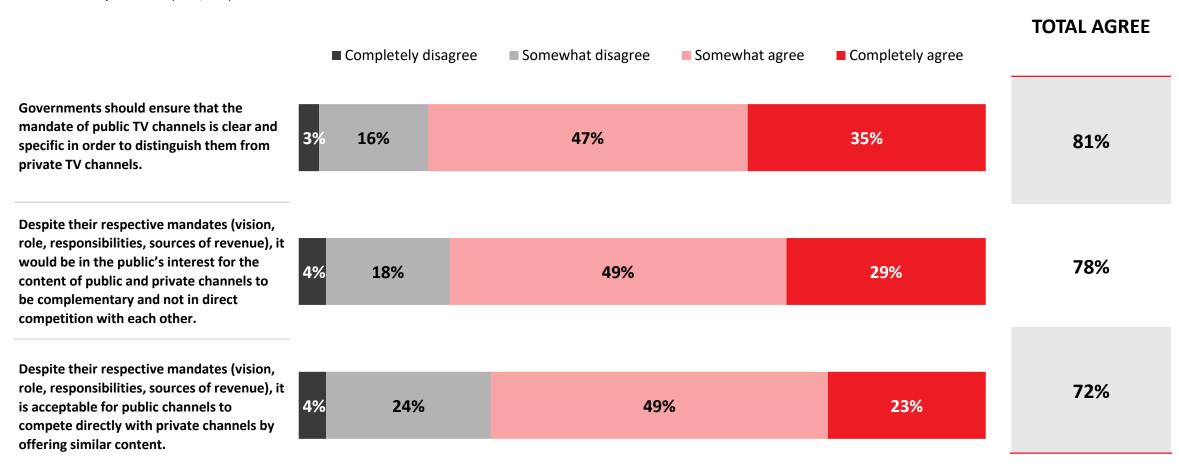
Q4B. To what extent do you agree that the Télé-Québec public television station fulfills its mandate: "Offering programming aimed at developing a taste for knowledge, fostering the acquisition of knowledge, promoting artistic and cultural life and reflecting the regional realities and diversity of Québec society"?





# LEVEL OF AGREEMENT WITH STATEMENTS RELATED TO THE ROLES OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CHANNELS

Q5. To what extent do you agree with the following statements regarding public (e.g., Radio-Canada, CBC, Télé-Québec) and private (e.g., TVA, Noovo, CTV, Global) television channels?

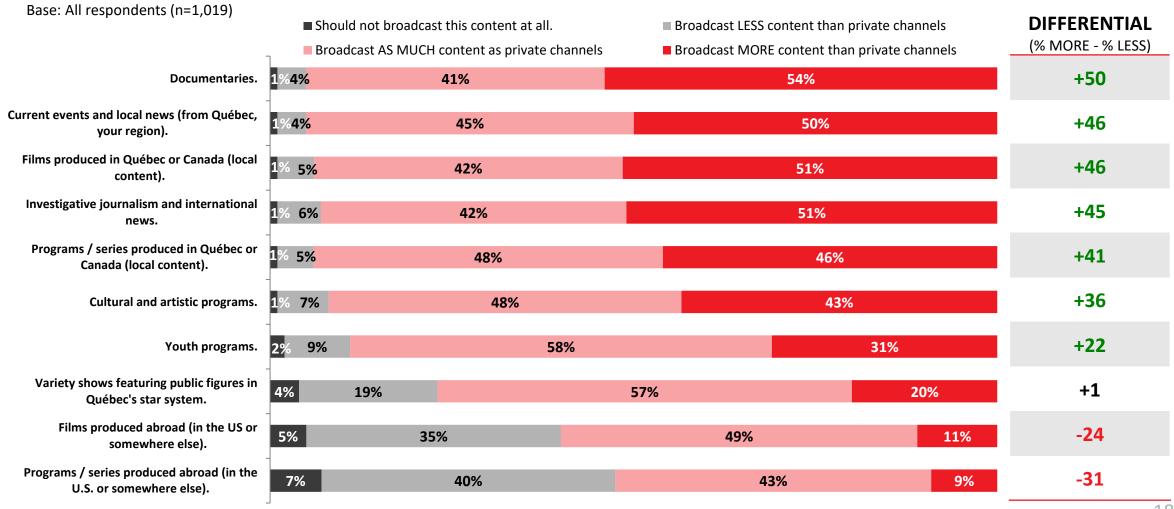






# PERCEPTION OF THE TYPES OF CONTENT THAT SHOULD BE BROADCAST BY R-C / CBC COMPARED TO PRIVATE CHANNELS

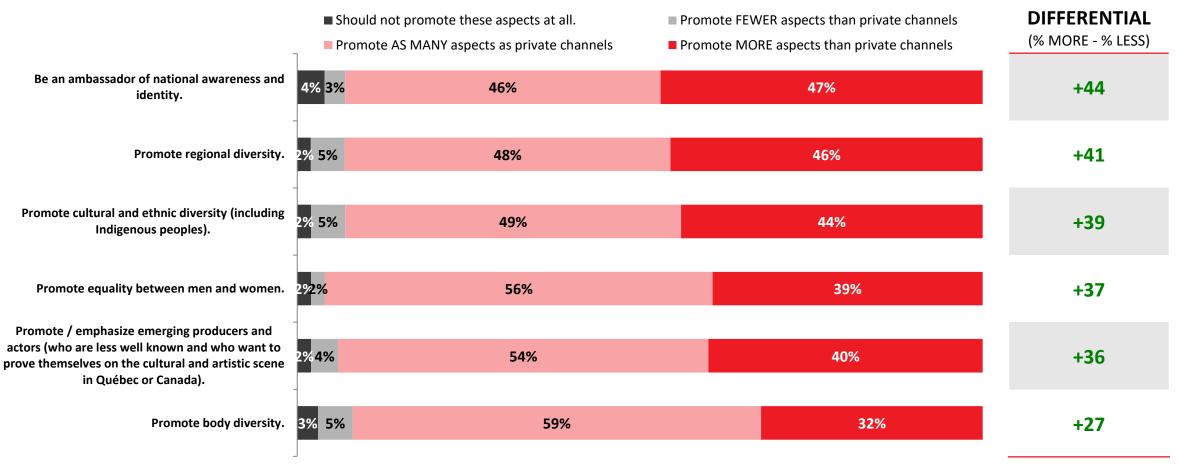
Q6. As part of their mandate, should the Radio-Canada and CBC public television channels broadcast, MORE, AS MUCH or LESS TV content in the following categories than private television channels (e.g., TVA, Noovo, CTV, Global):





# PERCEPTION OF THE ELEMENTS THAT SHOULD BE EMPHASIZED AND PROMOTED BY R-C / CBC COMPARED TO PRIVATE CHANNELS

Q7. Should the Radio-Canada and CBC public television channels have a mandate to promote and emphasize, MORE, AS MANY or FEWER of the following aspects through the content they broadcast (whether in terms of feature performers, hosts, topics and themes covered in their shows, etc.) than private television channels (e.g. TVA, Noovo, CTV, Global):

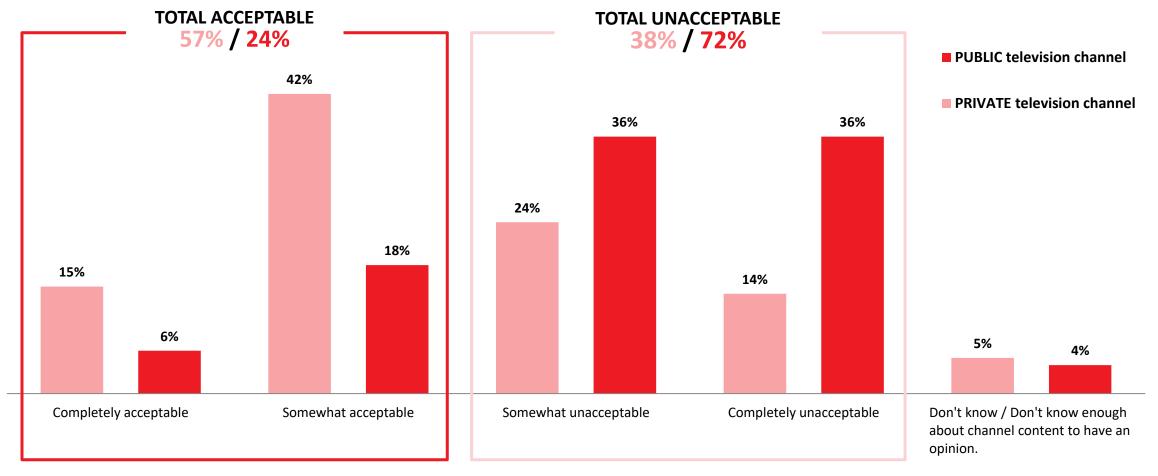






# LEVEL OF ACCEPTABILITY OF THE OFFERING OF PAID CONTENT BY PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CHANNELS

Q8/9. Generalist television channels may also broadcast content on digital platforms. In your opinion, is it acceptable for some of the content (programs, series, movies, etc.) broadcast by a PUBLIC/PRIVATE television channel to be paid content and only accessible to (paying) subscribers?





# LEVEL OF ACCEPTABILITY OF THE OFFERING OF PAID CONTENT BY PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CHANNELS (CONTINUED)

Q8/9. Generalist television channels may also broadcast content on digital platforms. In your opinion, is it acceptable for some of the content (programs, series, movies, etc.) broadcast by a PUBLIC/PRIVATE television channel to be paid content and only accessible to (paying) subscribers?

Base: All respondents (n=1,019)

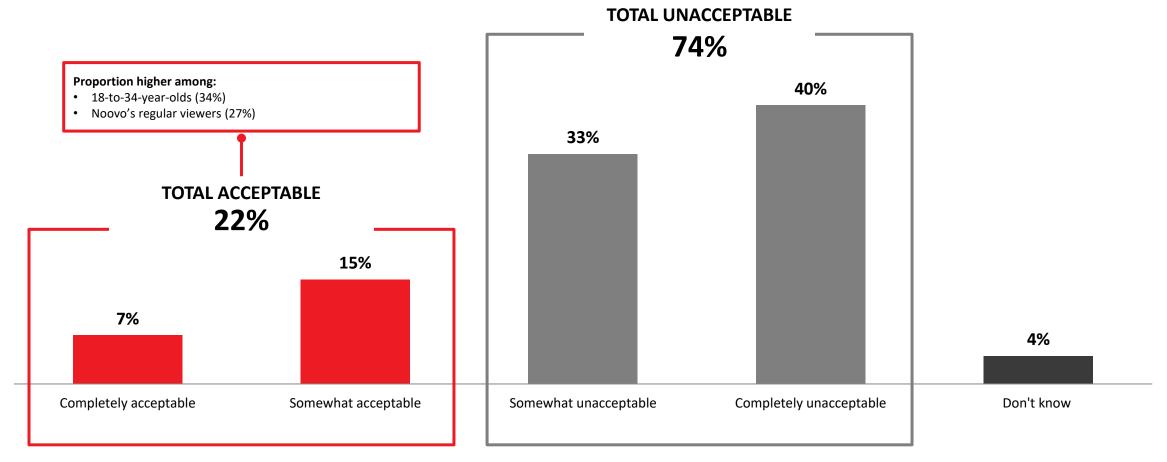
	PUBLIC Television Channel					PRIVATE Television Channel						
	TOTAL	GENDER		AGE		TOTAL	GENDER		AGE			
	IOIAL	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+	TOTAL	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+
n=	1,019	489	530	243	374	402	1,019	489	530	243	374	402
TOTAL ACCEPTABLE	24%	26%	22%	35%	26%	16%	57%	61%	54%	71%	59%	48%
Completely acceptable	6%	7%	5%	8%	6%	5%	15%	17%	13%	21%	16%	12%
Somewhat acceptable	18%	19%	18%	27%	20%	11%	42%	43%	41%	50%	43%	36%
TOTAL UNACCEPTABLE	72%	70%	74%	61%	69%	81%	38%	34%	42%	25%	36%	48%
Somewhat unacceptable	36%	34%	37%	39%	32%	37%	24%	21%	26%	20%	20%	29%
Completely unacceptable	36%	35%	38%	22%	38%	44%	14%	13%	16%	5%	16%	18%
Don't KNOW	4%	4%	4%	4%	5%	3%	5%	5%	4%	4%	5%	5%

Less than one quarter of the population (24%) believe that it is acceptable for a public television channel to offer paid content, compared to 57% acceptability for private channels. Generally speaking, people under the age of 35 are more open to the offering of paid content, whether it comes from a public (34%) or private (71%) channel.



# LEVEL OF ACCEPTABILITY OF RADIO-CANADA'S OFFERING OF PAID CONTENT VIA THE TOU.TV EXTRA SERVICE

Q10. Radio-Canada offers a paid, on-demand service online, Tou.tv Extra, for \$6.99 a month. The content broadcast on Tou.tv Extra is available exclusively to (paying) subscribers. In your opinion, is it acceptable or unacceptable for Radio-Canada, as a government funded public television channel, to offer paid content to subscribers only?





# KNOWLEDGE OF RADIO-CANADA'S MANDATE, FUNDING SOURCES AND CONTENT PRIORITIES

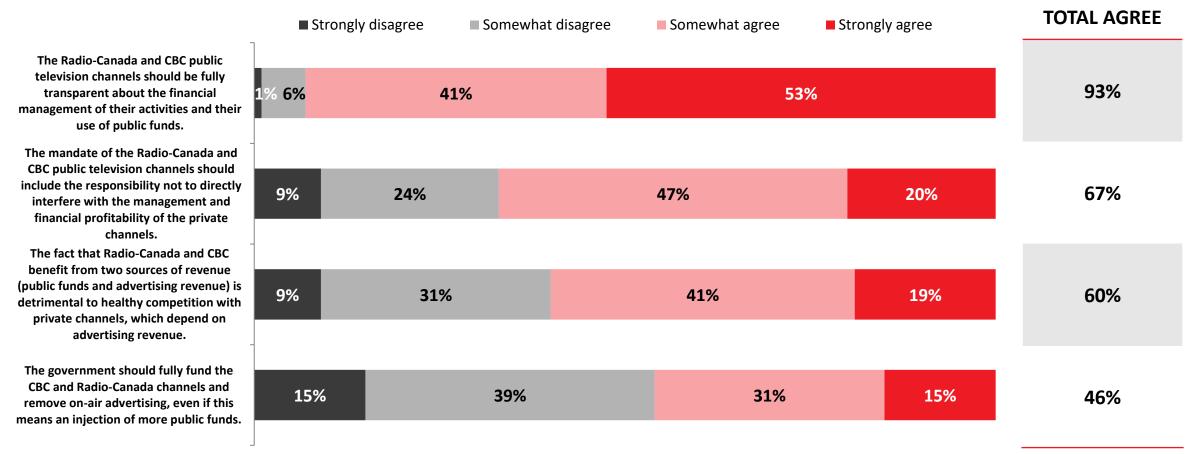
Q11. Before today, would you say that you were very familiar, somewhat familiar, somewhat unfamiliar or very unfamiliar with following about Radio-Canada:





## LEVEL OF AGREEMENT WITH CERTAIN ASSERTIONS RELATED TO THE ROLE AND FUNDING OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CHANNELS

Q12. Currently, generalist television channels are funded by advertising revenues. For their part, the Radio-Canada and CBC public television channels are largely funded by the Government, as well as the advertising revenues they receive. Knowing this, to what extent do you agree with the following statements?







## **VIEWING FREQUENCY OF GENERALIST TV CHANNELS**

Q13. Regardless of the device (television, computer, tablet, mobile, etc.) or manner used (linear TV, recorded, online), how often do you watch video content on the following generalist TV channels?

	T\'.\	Radio-canada	noovo	Télé-Québec	<b>OTV</b>	Global	СВС
REGULAR VIEWERS	59%	59%	43%	28%	19%	16%	17%
Every day	37%	31%	15%	5%	7%	4%	5%
4-6 days a week	11%	14%	14%	7%	4%	4%	4%
2-3 days a week	12%	15%	13%	16%	8%	8%	7%
OCCASIONAL VIEWERS	23%	24%	23%	43%	24%	22%	30%
Once a week	8%	8%	8%	14%	6%	5%	6%
2-3 days a week	6%	6%	6%	10%	6%	6%	7%
Once a month or less often	10%	10%	9%	18%	12%	12%	16%
NON-VIEWERS	17%	17%	34%	29%	56%	62%	54%





## **SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE**

Base: All respondents	<b>TOTAL</b> (n=1,019)					
GENDER						
Male	49%					
Female	51%					
AGE						
18 to 34	26%					
35 to 54	33%					
55 or over	41%					
MOTHER TONGUE						
Francophones	77%					
Non-Francophones	23%					
REGION						
Montréal CMA	50%					
Québec City CMA	10%					
Other regions	40%					
PRESENCE OF CHILDREN IN THE HOUSEH	IOLD					
Yes	24%					
No	75%					

ase: All respondents	<b>TOTAL</b> (n=1,019)
OCCUPATION	
Full-time employee	47%
Part-time employee	7%
Homemaker	3%
Student	8%
Retired	28%
Employment Insurance or unemployed	4%
HOUSEHOLD INCOME	
\$19,999 or less	7%
\$20,000 to \$39,999	17%
\$40,000 to \$59,999	18%
\$60,000 to \$79,999	15%
\$80,000 to \$99,999	13%
\$100,000 or more	21%
EDUCATION	
Primary/Secondary	31%
College	43%
University	25%



## **OUR SERVICES**

- Leger
   Marketing research and polling
- Leger MetriCX
   Strategic and operational customer experience consulting services
- Leger Analytics (LEA)
   Data modelling and analysis
- Leger Opinion (LEO)
   Panel management
- Leger Communities
   Online community management
- Leger Digital
   Digital strategy and user experience
- International Research
   Worldwide Independent Network (WIN)

600 EMPLOYEES

185
CONSULTANTS





8 OFFICES

MONTREAL | QUEBEC CITY | TORONTO | WINNIPEG EDMONTON | CALGARY | VANCOUVER | PHILADELPHIA







Leger is a member of the <u>Canadian Research Insights Council (CRIC)</u>, the industry association for the market/survey/insights research industry.



Leger is a member of <u>ESOMAR</u> (European Society for Opinion and Market Research), the global association of opinion polls and marketing research professionals. As such, Leger is committed to applying the <u>international ICC/ESOMAR</u> code of Market, Opinion and Social Research and Data Analytics.



Leger is also a member of the <u>Insights Association</u>, the American Association of Marketing Research Analytics.

# Leser 1

We know Canadians









